



Few-shot Node Classification with Extremely Weak Supervision

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code: <https://github.com/SongW-SW/X-FNC>

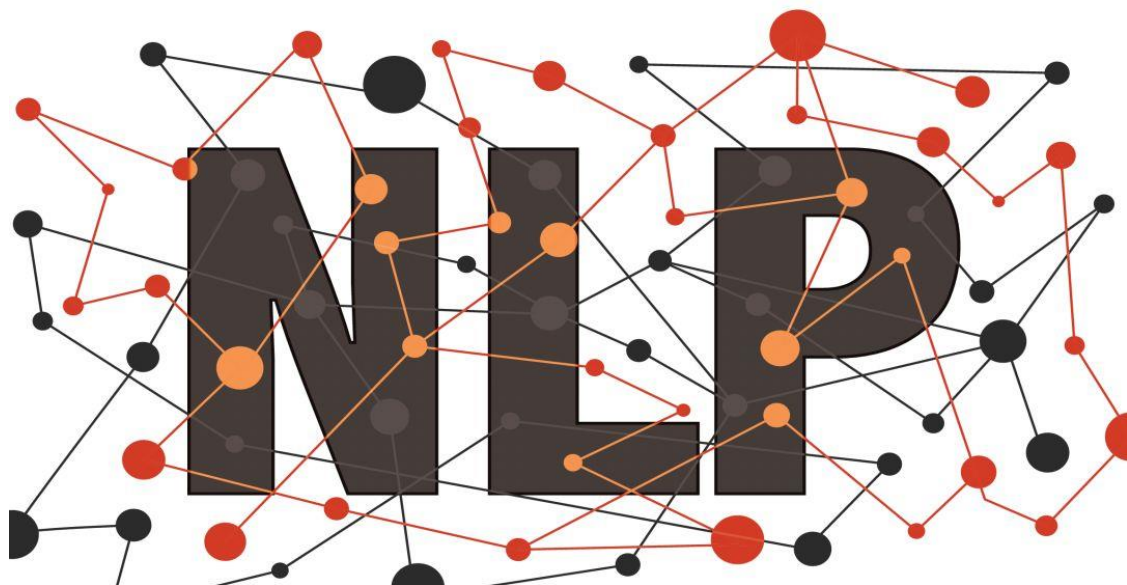
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NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING



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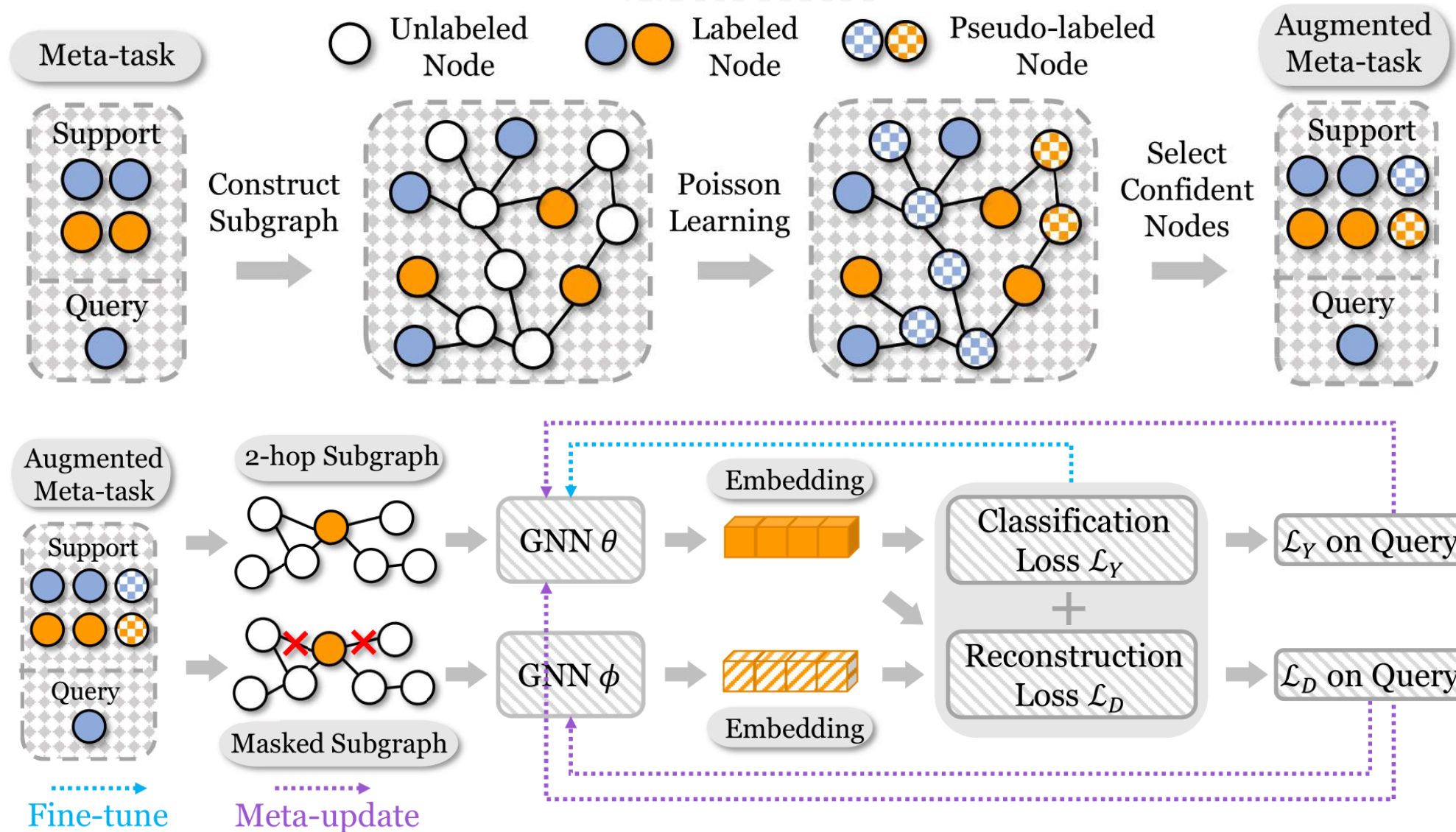


Introduction

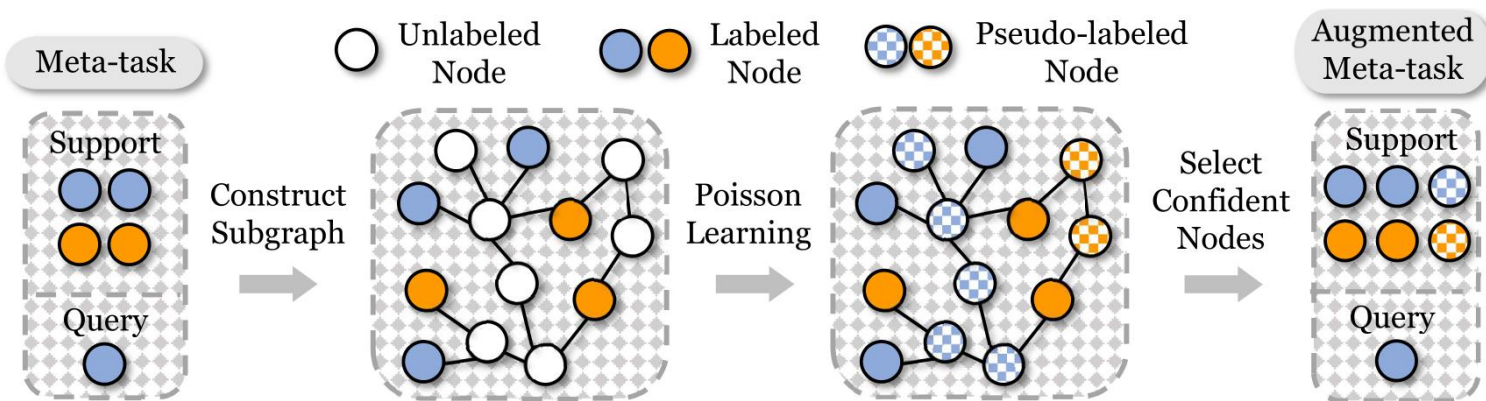
scarce labeled nodes---under-generalizing--- obtain abundant pseudo-labeled nodes based on Poisson Learning

inadequate query nodes---over-fitting---optimize the model by filtering out irrelevant information based on Information Bottleneck (IB)

Method



Method



Poisson Label Propagation

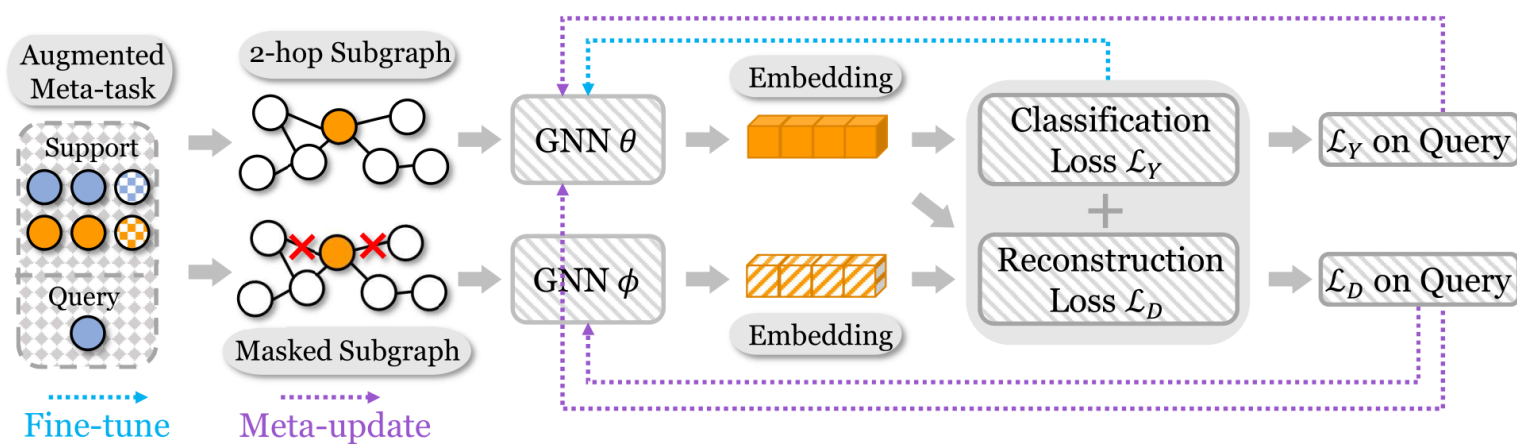
$$\mathbf{A}_{ij}'' = \exp(-\eta \|\mathbf{x}_i - \mathbf{x}_j\|), \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{cases} \sum_{j=1}^{|\mathcal{V}_s|} \mathbf{A}_{ij} (\mathbf{u}_i - \mathbf{u}_j) = 0, & \text{if } NK + 1 \leq i \leq |\mathcal{V}_s|, \\ \mathbf{u}_i = \mathbf{y}_i - \bar{\mathbf{y}}, & \text{if } 1 \leq i \leq NK, \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

$$\mathbf{U}^{(t)} \leftarrow \mathbf{U}^{(t-1)} + \mathbf{D}^{-1} (\mathbf{B}^\top - \mathbf{L}\mathbf{U}^{(t-1)}), \quad (3)$$

$$c_i = - \sum_{j=1}^N u_{ij} \log u_{ij}, \quad (4)$$

Method



Information Bottleneck Fine-tuning

$$\min \text{IB}(D, Y; Z) \triangleq [-I(Y; Z) + \beta I(D; Z)], \quad (5)$$

$$-I(Y; Z) = -[H(Y) - H(Y|Z)], \quad (6)$$

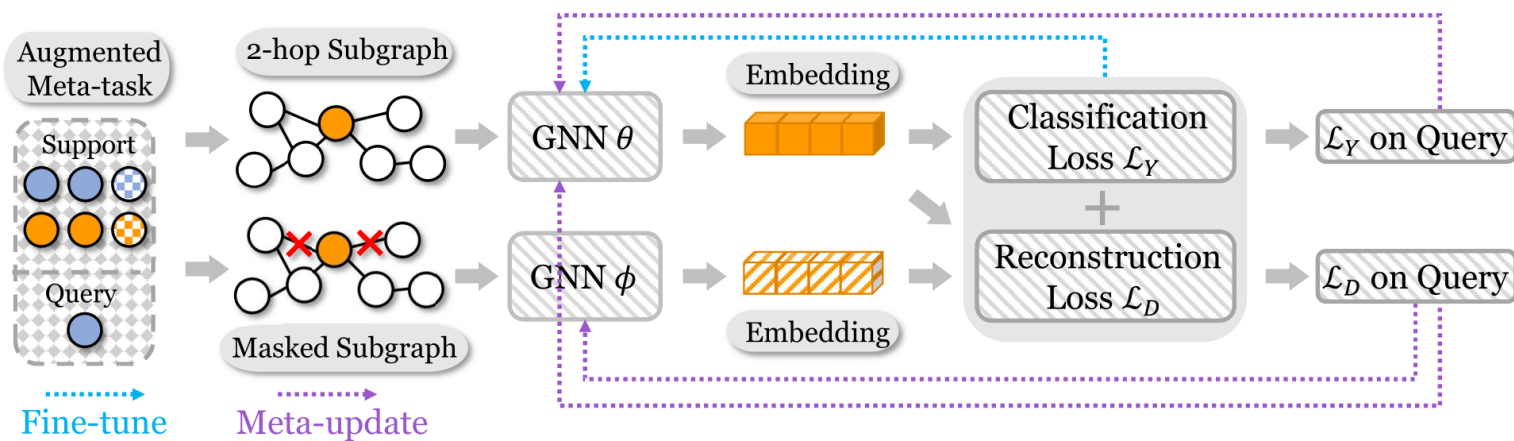
$$\begin{aligned} H(Y|Z) &= - \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^{|\tilde{S}|} p(y_i, z_j) \log \frac{p(y_i, z_j)}{p(z_j)} \\ &= - \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^{|\tilde{S}|} p(z_j | y_i) p(y_i) \log p(y_i | z_j), \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

$$-I(Y; Z) \rightarrow \mathcal{L}_Y = - \sum_{i=1}^{\tilde{S}} \log p(y'_i | z_i), \quad (8)$$

$$\mathbf{s}_i = \text{MLP}_{\theta} (\text{GNN}_{\theta}(\mathbf{A}_i, \mathbf{X}_i)), \quad (9)$$

$$I(D; Z) = \mathbb{E} \left(\log \frac{p(Z|D)}{p(Z)} \right), \quad (10)$$

Method



Information Bottleneck Fine-tuning

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E} \left(\log \left(\frac{p(Z|D) q(Z)}{q(Z) p(Z)} \right) \right) &= \mathbb{E} \left(\log \frac{p(Z|D)}{q(Z)} \right) - \text{KL} (p(Z)||q(Z)) \\ &\leq \mathbb{E} \left(\log \frac{p(Z|D)}{q(Z)} \right), \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

$$\mathbf{h}_i = \text{GNN}_\theta(\mathbf{A}_i, \mathbf{X}_i), \quad \tilde{\mathbf{h}}_i = \text{GNN}_\phi(\tilde{\mathbf{A}}_i, \tilde{\mathbf{X}}_i), \quad (12)$$

$$\text{MSE}(p_\theta(\mathbf{h}_i), \tilde{\mathbf{h}}_i) = \left\| \frac{p_\theta(\mathbf{h}_i)}{\|p_\theta(\mathbf{h}_i)\|} - \frac{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}_i}{\|\tilde{\mathbf{h}}_i\|} \right\|^2 = 2 - 2 \cdot \frac{p_\theta(\mathbf{h}_i) \cdot \tilde{\mathbf{h}}_i}{\|p_\theta(\mathbf{h}_i)\| \|\tilde{\mathbf{h}}_i\|}, \quad (13)$$

$$I(D; Z) \rightarrow \mathcal{L}_D = - \sum_{i=1}^{\tilde{S}} \frac{p_\theta(\mathbf{h}_i) \cdot \tilde{\mathbf{h}}_i}{\|p_\theta(\mathbf{h}_i)\| \|\tilde{\mathbf{h}}_i\|}, \quad (14)$$

Meta Learning-based Optimization

$$\theta_t \leftarrow \theta_{t-1} - \alpha \nabla_{\theta_{t-1}} \mathcal{L}(\tilde{\mathcal{S}}; \theta_{t-1}), \quad (15)$$

$$\theta =: \theta - \beta_1 \nabla_\theta \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{Q}; \theta_T), \quad \phi =: \phi - \beta_2 \nabla_\phi \mathcal{L}_D(\mathbf{Q}; \theta_T), \quad (16)$$

Experiment

Table 1: The overall few-shot node classification results (accuracy in %) of X-FNC and baselines under different settings.

Dataset	DBLP						Amazon-E					
	5-way 3-shot			10-way 3-shot			5-way 3-shot			10-way 3-shot		
# Labels per Class	5	10	20	5	10	20	5	10	20	5	10	20
PN	49.4±3.2	51.9±3.1	53.3±3.9	36.3±3.8	38.5±2.8	40.2±3.9	51.6±2.3	52.2±2.3	53.8±2.3	36.7±3.0	38.2±2.0	41.3±3.9
MAML	50.9±3.1	51.8±1.8	56.1±2.1	39.4±2.3	44.3±2.0	45.4±3.1	48.8±2.4	49.4±3.3	53.9±2.7	39.0±3.2	40.3±3.2	41.5±3.2
G-Meta	59.8±3.3	61.8±3.5	63.3±4.1	44.9±2.9	51.0±3.4	52.9±3.6	53.4±2.2	55.7±3.6	56.6±3.2	39.6±4.1	41.9±3.0	45.6±4.3
GPN	58.6±3.8	62.5±2.8	66.9±4.3	50.6±3.9	52.7±2.4	54.6±3.4	56.0±4.1	60.7±4.7	63.0±2.3	42.1±4.8	45.8±3.3	52.1±4.8
RALE	64.7±4.1	66.9±4.7	67.9±4.0	51.3±4.2	55.0±3.2	56.9±4.0	60.4±4.5	64.0±4.8	66.1±4.5	47.8±4.4	48.6±4.8	52.4±3.3
X-FNC	70.1±4.0	75.5±3.5	76.8±3.3	57.2±3.4	63.6±3.3	65.8±3.1	69.9±3.9	72.8±3.4	76.0±4.8	49.2±4.1	51.5±2.8	56.3±3.4

Dataset	Cora-full						ogbn-arxiv					
	5-way 3-shot			10-way 3-shot			5-way 3-shot			10-way 3-shot		
# Labels per Class	5	10	20	5	10	20	50	100	200	50	100	200
PN	45.5±2.7	48.1±3.6	48.9±3.8	28.2±3.8	31.6±3.3	34.4±2.5	39.1±2.5	40.8±3.7	42.6±3.1	23.1±3.6	24.4±3.1	27.7±3.5
MAML	46.9±2.6	48.6±3.0	49.2±2.7	32.7±2.5	33.2±2.3	35.8±1.9	41.0±2.4	41.9±1.9	43.1±3.4	23.2±2.1	25.4±3.1	28.0±3.2
G-Meta	57.7±3.9	58.7±3.6	59.8±2.6	41.7±3.3	42.0±3.0	43.8±2.7	43.5±3.6	44.7±2.9	46.5±4.4	27.4±4.4	29.0±2.8	29.9±2.5
GPN	54.6±2.8	55.2±3.6	57.7±4.2	38.4±2.8	40.2±2.9	42.0±4.5	46.6±3.4	47.1±3.9	48.4±2.9	26.1±2.6	30.9±3.6	33.5±3.5
RALE	58.2±2.8	59.3±4.1	63.1±3.9	38.1±4.2	43.4±2.8	44.0±4.5	49.3±3.0	51.4±3.9	52.5±4.6	30.4±2.5	31.7±3.3	33.9±4.8
X-FNC	62.9±4.5	68.0±3.7	69.2±4.6	43.7±4.8	45.6±4.4	47.7±4.5	54.6±2.6	56.7±4.0	58.7±4.1	33.3±3.9	35.7±4.4	39.8±2.4

Experiment

Table 2: Statistics of four node classification datasets.

Dataset	# Nodes	# Edges	# Features	Class Split
Amazon-E	42,318	43,556	8,669	90/37/40
DBLP	40,672	288,270	7,202	80/27/30
Cora-full	19,793	65,311	8,710	25/20/25
ogbn-arxiv	169,343	1,166,243	128	15/5/20

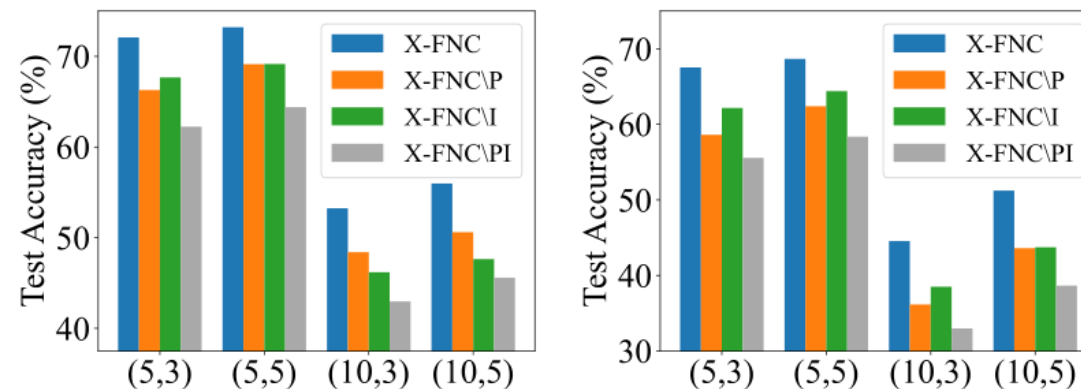


Figure 3: Ablation study on our framework on Amazon-E (left) and Cora-full (right) in the N -way K -shot setting (N, K).

Experiment

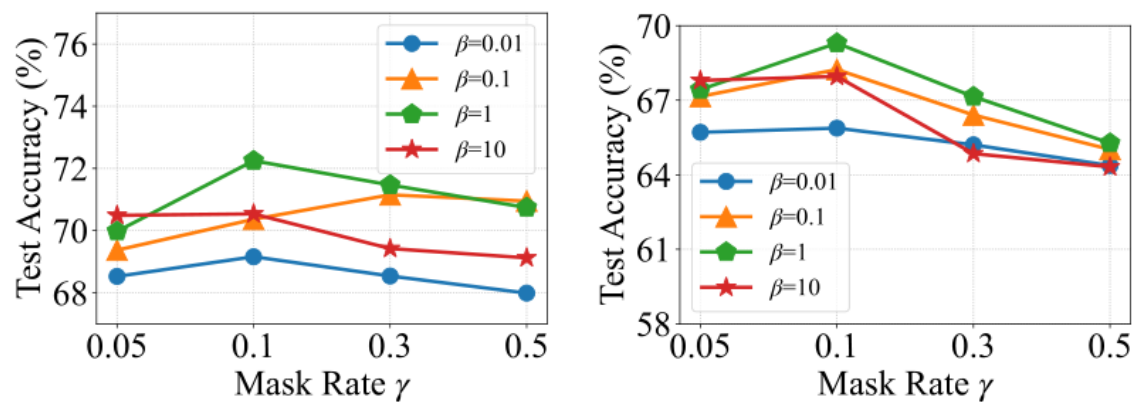


Figure 4: Results of our framework on Amazon-E (left) and Cora-full (right) with different mask rates.

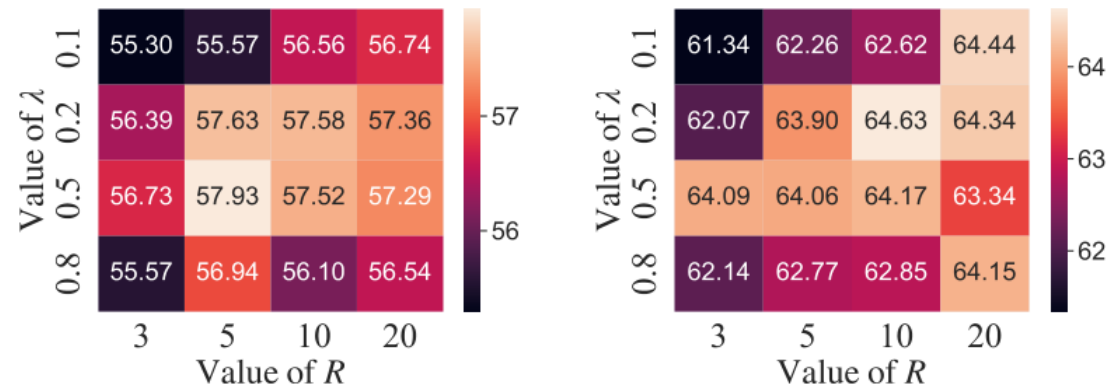


Figure 5: Results of pseudo-labeling accuracy (in %) on Amazon-E (left) and Cora-full (right) with different λ and R .



Thank you!



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